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| **Fife Licensing Board** |

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| **Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005** |

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| **Statement of Licensing Policy**  **November 2023 to November 2028** |

Clerk to the Licensing Board,

Fife House,

North Street,

GLENROTHES,

Fife.

KY7 5LT

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**FOREWORD**

Consultation on this Statement took place between 1st September 2023 and 30th September 2023. The draft Statement was amended following the consideration of the consultation responses by the Licensing Board on 2nd October 2023. The policy will be applied during the licensing policy period commencing on 5 November 2023 until 18 months following the date of the next ordinary election of councillors to the Fife Council. It will be kept under review and revised, if appropriate, by the issuing of supplementary policy statements should circumstances change during the said licensing policy period.

Prior to the publication of this Statement the Board consulted the following:

The Fife Licensing Forum

Fife Council departments

NHS Fife

Fife Alcohol and Drugs Partnership

Community Councils in Fife

The Chief Constable of Police Scotland

Licensing Standards Officers

Scottish Fire and Rescue Service

Fife Licensed Trade Association

The Scottish Licensed Trade Association

Scottish Beer and Pub Association

Scottish Grocers Federation

Elected Members of the Fife Council (not sitting on the Licensing Board)

Licensing lawyers

The University of St. Andrews

University of St. Andrews Students’ Association

Drugs, Alcohol and Physiotherapies Ltd.

Fife Federation of Tenants and Residents Association Ltd.

North East Fife Tenants and Residents Federation

In addition, consultation was carried out with the public directly by publishing the draft Statement on the Fife Council’s website at [www.fife.gov.uk/consultations/old-consultations/fife-licensing-board-draft-statement-of-licensing-policy](http://www.fife.gov.uk/consultations/old-consultations/fife-licensing-board-draft-statement-of-licensing-policy).

**PART 1**

**1. STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY**

1.1 ***INTRODUCTION***

The purpose of licensing is to regulate the sale of alcohol and the premises on which alcohol is sold, and for connected purposes in terms of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005. The responsibility for licensing in Fife lies with the Fife Licensing Board which is made up of 10 elected members of the Fife Council. This Statement of Licensing Policy has been prepared by the Board in terms of Sections 6 and 7 of the 2005 Act. The Board and the Clerk to the Board exercising delegated functions will have regard to the Statement in carrying out their functions in the licensing and regulation of the sale of alcohol within Fife.

1.2 ***LICENSING OBJECTIVES***

There are five core objectives underpinning the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005. These should, at all times, guide the Board, licenceholders and all persons involved in the control, management, operation or running of licensed premises and others involved in regulation of such premises. The objectives are:-

* preventing crime and disorder;
* securing public safety;
* preventing public nuisance;
* protecting and improving public health; and
* protecting children and young persons from harm.

Further details on how the Board will seek to promote these objectives are set out in Part 2.

1.3 ***CONTEXT – FIFE***

* Fife is located on the east coast of Scotland lying between the Firth of Tay on the north and the Firth of Forth on the south. Fife’s population is rising with a population in 2021 of 374,730. Fife has five main centres of population, namely, Dunfermline, Kirkcaldy, Glenrothes, Levenmouth and St. Andrews. There are as at 31st October 2023, 1040 premises licences in Fife. This represents a decrease of 18 premises licences since the previous Statement of Licensing Policy was adopted by the Board in November 2018. Of the 1040 licences, 368 premises are off-sales, 484 are both on and off sales and 188 are on sales. There are also 2845 individuals who as of 31st October 2023 have a personal licence granted by the Board.

1.4 The Plan for Fife 2017-2027 sets one Plan for the future of public services in Fife. It seeks to improve neighbourhoods and create a fairer Fife focusing on tackling poverty and inequality and preventing problems before they are too big to fix.

1.5 ***PREPARATION OF STATEMENT***

This Statement of Licensing Policy has been prepared having regard to:-

* the 2005 Act and in particular promotion of the Licensing Objectives and
* the Guidance for Licensing Boards and Local Authorities issued in 2023 by the Scottish Ministers in terms of section 142 of the 2005 Act.

1.6 The Board has consulted the persons and organisations listed in the Foreword and has had regard to all responses to the consultation.

1.7 ***GENERAL PRINCIPLES***

1.8 This Statement of Policy sets out a general approach to the way the Board will make licensing decisions but nothing in this Statement will:-

* undermine the rights of any person to apply under the Act and to have that application considered on its individual merits; or
* override the right of any person to make representations on any application or seek a review of a licence where permitted to do so under the Act.

1.9 The policy in this Statement seeks to promote the licensing objectives. The Board will consider all applications on their merits within the context of the 2005 Act, this Statement and any supplementary policy statement published. In particular the Board will consider whether or not an application conforms to this Statement. Where an application is outwith the policy in this Statement, the Board expects the applicant to demonstrate to the Board why the application is not inconsistent with the licensing objectives and should be granted.

1.10 It should be recognised that the Board’s licensing powers are not the primary mechanism for dealing with issues such as antisocial behaviour and nuisance by individuals once they are no longer in the licensed premises and beyond the direct control of the individual, club or business holding the Premises Licence.

1.11 The Board will, so far as possible, avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes such as health and safety at work and fire safety. Separate legislation covers these matters and places a range of duties on employers and operators of venues. The Board also recognises that planning, building control and licensing are separate regimes and that applications have to be considered on their merits under the appropriate regime. In determining an application for a licence, the Board will not treat applications for licences as a rerun of any planning application and will not cut across decisions of any planning committee or seek to challenge any decision made by the planning committee. The Board will not attach conditions to a premises licence unless these are considered necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives. Conditions will be considered unnecessary where these would relate to matters already adequately covered by other legislation.

1.12 Four million visitor days and nights were spent in Fife in 2021. The Fife Tourism Partnership in partnership with Fife Council has developed the Fife Tourism and Events Strategy 2019-2029. The strategy sets out ambitious challenge for the Fife tourism sector to achieve stronger economic and employment growth while developing a thriving tourism industry. The Board recognises the importance of tourism to Fife as a whole and supports the creation of high quality facilities for tourists and a vibrant night time economy in the larger settlements in Fife.

1.13 ***TYPES OF APPLICATIONS AND SCHEME OF DELEGATION***

In relation to the sale of alcohol, the Board is responsible for the consideration of applications for:-

* premises licences
* occasional licences
* temporary licences
* provisional licences
* confirmation of provisional licence
* variations of licences
* review of personal and premises licences
* transfer of licences
* personal licences
* renewal of personal licences, and
* extended hours.

1.14 The Board has agreed that only the following applications and matters require to be determined by the Board:

* a premises licence application;
* a premises licence variation where the variation applied for is not a minor variation;
* an application for transfer of a premises licence where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant offence or a foreign offence or where the Chief Constable has provided information on the applicant, a connected person or an interested party under section 33(7A) of the 2005 Act;
* a personal licence application or a personal licence renewal application where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant offence or a foreign offence or information has been provided to the Board by a Licensing Standards Officer in terms of section 73A(2) of the 2005 Act;
* conducting any hearing including issuing a written warning, revoking or suspending the licence, making a variation of a licence or, in respect of a personal licence, making an order revoking, suspending or endorsing a personal licence;
* making a closure order; and
* refusing an application for confirmation of a provisional premises licence.

1.15 All other applications and matters relating thereto are delegated to the Clerk to deal with and determine. A table listing delegations is attached as Appendix 1 to this Statement.

1.16 ***OPERATING PLANS***

All applications for premises licences must be accompanied by an operating plan and a layout plan, all complying with the Act and Regulations made under the Act. Operating plans must make clear how the premises are to be run, what activities will be undertaken on the premises and at what times.

1.17 More specifically, an “operating plan” in relation to any premises is a document in the prescribed form including-

(a) a description of the activities to be carried in the premises,

(b) a statement of the times during which it is proposed that alcohol be sold in the premises,

(c) a statement as to whether the alcohol is to be sold for consumption on the premises, off the premises, or both,

(d) a statement of the times at which other activities, in addition to the sale of alcohol, are to be carried out in the premises,

(e) where alcohol is to be sold for consumption on the premises, a statement as to whether children or young persons are to be allowed entry to the premises and, if they are allowed entry, a statement of the terms on which they are allowed entry including, in particular-

(i) the ages of children or young persons to be allowed entry,

(ii) the time at which they are to be allowed entry, and

(iii) the parts of the premises to which they are to be allowed entry,

(f) information as to the proposed capacity of the premises, and

(g) prescribed information about the individual who is to be the premises manager.

1.18 Where alcohol is to be sold both for consumption on and for consumption off any premises, the operating plan for the premises may state different times for-

(a) the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises,and

(b) the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises.

Alcohol cannot be sold by law for consumption off the premises outwith the period 10.00 a.m. and 10.00 p.m. daily.

1.19 In preparing and presenting the operating plan, applicants should be aware that the Board expects premises to be run in a way consistent with, and promoting, the five licensing objectives listed in paragraph 1.2 and applicants may be required to satisfy the Board that the matters contained in their operating plans are consistent with the licensing objectives.

1.20 It is permissible under the 2005 Act for Fife Council to seek premises licences in its own name. When this is the case, the Board and its officers will consider the matter from a neutral standpoint independent of the Council. If relevant representations are made by any party, these will be given full and equitable consideration by the Board.

1.21 Although basic guidance may be sought from the Clerk and Licensing Standards Officers, it is for the applicant to make sure that the operating plan is in the correct form and covers all aspects of the operation of the premises.

**1.22 *DISABLED ACCESS AND FACILITIES STATEME*NTS**

Every application for a premises licence must be accompanied by a Disabled Access and Facilities Statement. The form of the Statement has been prescribed by the Scottish Ministers and is available on the Board’s webpages on [www.fife.gov.uk](http://www.fife.gov.uk) along with a link to the Scottish Government’s guidance on how to complete the Statement.

1.23 The Board expects applicants for premises licences to indicate in their Statement how accessible the premises are or will be for people with disabilities and the facilities they intend to provide for people with disabilities. Whilst the Board will include details of the Disabled Access and Facilities Statement in the Licensing Register, the Board also encourages applicants to make the Statement easily available for customers by publishing it on their website or by other means to enable potential customers to make a judgement as to whether the premises will be accessible to them.

1.24 ***HEARINGS AND DETERMINATION OF APPLICATIONS***

Where a hearing is to take place, the Board will attempt to make the experience as informal as possible consistent with the carrying out of the Board’s quasi-judicial function. The Board has made Rules in terms of paragraph 12(5) of Schedule 1 to the 2005 Act setting out the way in which hearings for applications for premises licences and for variation of premises licences will be conducted. The Rules and adopted procedures are in Appendix 3(a) and (b) to this Statement. At the hearing, if any person taking part requires clarification of the procedures, they should draw this to the Convener’s attention.

1.25 The Board may adjourn to consider the application in private after hearing the parties. If legal advice has been given to the Board during the adjournment, the Clerk will state what that advice was when the Board reconvenes to resume consideration of, or make a decision on, the application. The decision and any voting on motions will be done in public.

1.26 The Board’s normal practice is to hear statements or submissions made by or on behalf of applicants, objectors, the Chief Constable, the Licensing Standards Officers and other regulatory bodies. It may on occasion hear direct evidence from witnesses if the Board considers it necessary to the determination of the application or review.

1.27 When considering whether or not any application for a premises licence or variation of a premises licence should be granted, the Board will take into account relevant matters including-

* the location and nature of the premises, the style and type of use, the potential number and profile of the customers likely to attend the premises,
* the proposed hours of operation,
* the means of access to the premises including the location and adequacy of customer entrances and exits,
* the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public transport that will be used by them,
* the likely level of car parking demand on principal roads and surrounding residential streets in comparison with the existing situation, its effect on local residents and on residential parking and emergency access, and
* the provision of toilet facilities and ventilation of the premises.

This list is not exhaustive.

1.28 Where it is necessary for the purposes of the licensing objectives to take steps to mitigate or prevent any potential impact, the Board may grant a licence subject to conditions. Each case will be considered on its own merits and appropriate advice will be sought by the Board from officers or consultees.

1.29 When considering any application for premises which have been previously licensed or in any review of an existing licence, the Board may take into account any historical evidence relevant to the licensing objectives especially of the impact on local residents and may also look at the measures put into effect by the applicant to mitigate the adverse impact.

1.30 Anyone is entitled to object to an application for a premises licence or seek a review of a premises licence. However, the Board may reject an objection or an application for review where it is considered to be “frivolous” or “vexatious”. Where the Board makes a finding that an objection or application for review is frivolous or vexatious it is entitled to recover any expenses incurred by it in considering the objection or application for review.

1.31 ***OCCASIONAL LICENCES***

An occasional licence authorises the temporary sale or, in certain circumstances, the supply of alcohol which is not authorised by a premises licence. It may be applied for by:

* the holder of a premises licence,
* the holder of a personal licence, or
* a representative of any voluntary organisation,

to cover a period of a no more than fourteen days.

1.32 The Board considers that the purpose of occasional licences is to allow the sale of alcohol at events which do not occur on a regular basis. The Board discourages applicants from repeatedly applying for occasional licences to enable a business to be run in the absence of a premises licence. The Board would consider it appropriate to accept consecutive applications to enable a business to operate where a competent premises or provisional premises licence application has been submitted to the Board.

1.33 Applications for occasional licences should be lodged with the Licensing Team at least six weeks prior to the event to which these relate. Applications will not generally be accepted if the day or first day of the event for which the occasional licence is required is less than six weeks away. Only if the Board or a Committee of the Board is satisfied that there are exceptional and/or unforeseen circumstances will an application for an occasional licence be accepted less than six weeks prior to the date of the event. Applications made within six weeks of the date of the event or occasion are discouraged by the Board.

1.34 It is considered good event management to liaise with the Licensing and/or Events Team at Fife Council at the early stages of planning an event. Where large corporate events are concerned early engagement is encouraged and recommended. The Board encourage applications to be submitted as soon as possible due to the low cost and time taken to process such applications together with the requirement to convene a Board or Committee of the Board to determine an application where representations or objections have been made about the application. The Board wants to avoid the situation where there is not enough time to determine an application, leading to applicants being disappointed and having to cancel alcohol reliant events at short notice.

1.35 The grant of an occasional licence is subject to the mandatory conditions laid out in Schedule 4 to the 2005 Act and any local conditions which the Board considers appropriate.

1.36 The Board requires the representative of any voluntary organisation making application for an occasional licence to have undertaken basic training on licensing requirements and to be present throughout the event to which the occasional licence relates. Such a person should either hold a licensing qualification or be trained to the standard prescribed in the Licensing (Training of Staff) (Scotland) Regulations 2007.

1.37 In the case of occasional licences permitting the sale of alcohol after 1:00am, a condition will be applied requiring a person trained to the satisfaction of the Board in first aid to be on the premises from 1:00am until the earlier of 5:00 a.m. or when the premises next closes. The Board shall be satisfied if such a person has completed a course certified as complying with the First Aid at Work, Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981. In granting any application allowing the sale of alcohol beyond 2:00am, the Board may apply the local late night conditions set out in Appendix 4(a) of this Statement. If the applicant considers that any of these conditions should not be attached to the licence, submissions should be made to this effect with the application.

1.38 If an occasional licence is applied for to enable alcohol to be sold in a marquee, a location plan showing dimensions of the marquee must be submitted with the application. If granted, the licence may be subject to the marquee conditions in Appendix 4(b) of this Statement. If the applicant considers that any of these conditions should not be attached to the licence, submissions should be made to this effect with the application.

1.39 ***EXTENDED HOURS APPLICATIONS***

Extended hours applications under Section 68 of the Act allow for an occasional extension of the licensed hours shown in the Operating Plan of up to one month in connection with a special event or occasion to be catered for on the premises or a special event of local or national significance. Applicants for extended hours are encouraged to lodge applications with the Licensing Team at least four weeks prior to the event/occasion to which these relate to allow sufficient time to process and determine the application. The Board expects applicants to demonstrate in their application the nature of the special event or occasion.

1.40 In granting any application extending the hours in which alcohol may be sold to beyond 2:00am, the Board may apply the local late night conditions set out in Appendix 4(a) of this Statement. If the applicant considers that any of these conditions should not be attached to the licence, submissions should be made to this effect with the application.

1.41 If regular applications to extend licensed hours are made for the same premises, the Board will expect the applicant to consider whether an application should be made to vary the premises licence to reflect the change in the manner of operation of the premises.

1.42 ***GENERAL EXTENSIONS OF LICENSED HOURS INCLUDING FESTIVE EXTENSION DETERMINATION***

The Board may make a determination under Section 67 of the Act to extend licensed hours to enable premises to remain open longer for certain special occasions. Prior to making any determination the Board will consult the Licensing Forum, Licensing Standards Officers, and the Chief Constable. It will notify its determination to the Chief Constable, to holders of licences and to other relevant parties. The Board has previously granted general extensions for the festive period from early December to early January and has on occasion granted general extensions for significant royal events and major international sporting events.

1.43 The Board has made a determination under section 67 of the Act that for the duration of this Policy the following festive extensions will be permitted:-

During the period 2nd December of any given year to 2nd January of the following year, those On-Sales premises whose premises licence indicate that they have opted to benefit from festive seasonal variations will automatically be entitled to open as follows -

(a) On-Sales premises will be granted an extension on a daily basis until 1.00 a.m. This means that those premises currently enjoying a 1.00 a.m. extension on some days of the week (usually Fridays and Saturdays) would be entitled to a 1.00 a.m. terminal hour on all days during the above festive period.

(b) Those premises which currently have until 2.00 a.m, 3.00 a.m. or 4.00 a.m. on specified days can have until 1.00 a.m. on all other days if not already enjoyed.

(c) There would be no automatic right to any extended hours beyond 1.00 a.m.

Any extensions sought outwith those permitted by the determination or sought by premises not covered by the seasonal variation would require to be applied for by way of a section 68 Application for Extended Hours and such applications would be determined individually on their merits.

1.44 ***LICENSED HOURS***

This section of the Statement of Licensing Policy relates to licensed premises where alcohol is sold with or without any other licensable activity. The Board expects that all applicants for all types of licensed premises will consider hours of trading to be an important issue when preparing their operating plans.

1.45 Licensed hours must be detailed in the Operating Plan of every premises. While each application will be assessed on its own merits, the following sets out the Board’s policy on licensed hours.

1.46 ***OFF SALES INCLUDING DELIVERIES***

The maximum licensed hours for the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises is 10.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. each day. In determining applications and licensed hours within these times, the Board will, in considering the merits, have particular regard to the effect (if any) which the proposed off sales hours may have on the occurrence of anti-social behaviour. The Board may take the view in particular circumstances that the permitted terminal hour in terms of the Act (10.00 p.m.) should be restricted. Each case will be taken on its merits, considering all the licensing objectives, in particular those relating to crime and disorder, children and young persons, public health and public nuisance. The Board is concerned to promote best practice in this area and will consider most carefully whether or not opening hours until 10.00 p.m. are justified.

1.47 If premises are intending to do alcohol deliveries, click and collect of alcohol or online alcohol sales from the premises as part of the off sales provision, then this should be detailed as an activity being carried on/from the premises in the operating plan. If delivery of alcohol is not specified within the operating plan for the premises then the premises licence holder is not permitted to make or allow deliveries of alcohol to take place from the premises.

1.48 In addition to the provisions set out in Sections 108, 119 and 120 of the 2005 Act, premises who intend to carry out deliveries of alcohol may have additional conditions attached to their licence by the board known as delivery conditions and set out in Appendix 4(c).

1.49 ***ON SALES***

In general terms, the Board will find favour with the following for on sales opening hours:

(a) all premises opening at 10.00 a.m. every day;

(b) closure at midnight from Sundays to Thursdays for most licensed premises;

(c) for premises open on Friday and Saturday evenings, closure at 1.00 a.m. the following mornings, respectively, for most licensed premises;

(d) closure at 1.00 a.m. the following morning for most licensed premises offering adult entertainment;

(e) closure at 2.00 a.m. the following morning for most licensed premises offering dance, [that is, night club facilities] or restaurant facilities. For premises in this category wishing to open to 3:00am or 4:00am, the Board expects the applicant to provide detailed information regarding the measures they will take to ensure the safe dispersal of customers on departure from the premises to minimise crime and disorder and public nuisance in the form of a Dispersal Policy. Such applications will be determined on their merits having particular regard to the views of the applicant, Chief Constable, Licensing Standards Officers and any other person on these matters.

For the purposes of paragraph 1.49(e), restaurant means premises where at least 75% of the areas to which the public are admitted are occupied by tables and chairs which are set for and used exclusively for the provision and consumption of meals throughout the whole of the licensed hours. Night club facilities means premises where the areas to which the public are admitted are used predominantly for the provision of dance from 10.00pm to the end of the licensed hours, have live or recorded music with a decibel level exceeding 85dB and when fully occupied are likely to have more customers standing than seated.

1.50 In all cases, applicants will be expected to give due consideration to the impact their patrons may have after leaving their premises, taking into account the likely exits of patrons from nearby licensed establishments.

1.51 Applicants should also give consideration to having winding down periods at the end of the night. By gradually increasing the lighting and winding down entertainment such as loud music before the end of the permitted hours thereby creating a calmer ambience, patrons leaving the premises may be inclined to behave less boisterously after they have left licensed premises. The Board may also, by means of Local Conditions, require the provision of hot food up to the terminal hour. In addition, patrons may be inclined to leave the premises spasmodically in small groups on a gradual basis rather than simultaneously.

1.52 Restricted licensing hours may be appropriate in cases where licensed premises are situated in the vicinity of residential property or where the trading hours of the premises and competing businesses are likely to lead to undue pressure on public transport systems or additional public nuisance, disorder or anti-social behaviour and where licensed premises included external areas. Where the whole circumstances of particular premises dictate, including promotion of the licensing objectives, the Board will consider restricting the opening hours so that an earlier terminal hour will apply. The Board may impose different restrictions on hours for different licensable activities and for different days of the week.

1.53 The Board recognises that licensed hours should not unnecessarily inhibit the development of thriving and safe evening and night time local economies which are important for investment, employment and tourism.

1.54 In considering the extent of their licensed hours, applicants should have regard to the following:

* the effect of the grant of the licence or extended hours applications for later or earlier hours on crime and disorder, public safety, public nuisance, public health and children and young persons.
* the proposed hours for any music, including the times incidental and background music will be played;
* the hours when customers will be allowed to take food or drink outside the premises or be within outside open areas which form part of the premises;
* the existing hours of licensable activities and the past operation of the premises, if any, and hours of licensed premises in the vicinity;
* whether or not customers and staff have adequate access to public transport when arriving at, and leaving from, the premises, especially at night;
* the capacity of the premises;
* the type of use, recognising that premises which sell alcohol, play music for dancing, provide late night refreshments or take‑away food, are more likely to be associated with crime and disorder and public nuisance than restaurants, theatres, cinemas or other performance venues;
* the extent to which noise attributable to the premises may cause disturbance to nearby residents’ rest, relaxation and sleep.

**1.55 MEMBERS CLUBS**

All clubs who wish to sell alcohol require to have a premises licence or an occasional licence. Many members clubs which meet the conditions in the Licensing (Clubs) (Scotland) Regulations 2007 will be exempt from some provisions of the 2005 Act. The Board will require such clubs to provide a copy of their constitution with an application for a premises licence. Such clubs must abide by their constitution to remain exempt from the full requirements of the 2005 Act.

1.56 Clubs benefitting from the exemptions must ensure that alcohol is only sold to a member of the club, to a member of a related club or to a person who is on the premises at the invitation of a member, has been signed in by that member and is accompanied by that member. The Board may impose a local condition on the licence to this effect. Should the club apply for an occasional licence to admit members of the public without being signed in by a member, the Board will require the club to demonstrate that the event taking place on the premises is being held in connection with the club’s activities.

1.57 All staff working in licenced premises including members clubs who are involved in the sale of alcohol must receive training from a personal licence holder or other person with an accredited qualification. This training must cover the matters set out in the Regulations. Records in the form prescribed by the Licensing (Mandatory Conditions No. 2) (Scotland) Regulations must be kept of training provided to staff and made available to Licensing Standards Officers on demand.

**1.58 *OUTSIDE SEATING AREAS***

When applicants propose to provide outside seating, tables or other facilities in any outdoor area, whether covered or not, they will be expected to ensure that the use of such areas will not cause disturbance to the occupiers of other premises in the vicinity. Signage should be displayed asking customers to have regard to this. Applicants should make it clear in the operating plan and on the layout plan what areas, if any, are to be used for the sale and/or consumption of alcohol.

1.59 Outdoor areas are normally used for the consumption of food and alcohol, if the licenceholder is looking for any other activities to take place within the outdoor area, these should be explicitly stipulated in the operating plan. No music, live entertainment or additional activities are to take place within any outdoor area unless this is specifically stated within the operating plan of the premises.

1.60 If an outdoor bar, marquee or other permanent or temporary structure is to be used then this must be stated within the operating plan and clearly marked, showing its location, on the layout plan. Any outdoor areas are to be shown on the layout plan of the premises and will be taken into account in the overall assessment of the premises, particularly in relation to exits and sanitary facilities.

1.61 In designated smoking areas and other outside areas where patrons go to smoke, for example, outside any of the doors to the premises, no alcohol may be taken or consumed.

1.62 In order to exercise appropriate control of the consumption of alcohol in open spaces and having particular regard to the potential for noise nuisance, the Board regards the following as appropriate and may impose a local condition to this effect on the licence:

* the consumption of alcohol within outdoor areas will not continue beyond 23.00 hours.

**1.63 PRICING AND PROMOTIONS**

It is important for licenceholders to be aware that some drinks promotions may be irresponsible and therefore in breach of a mandatory condition attached to both premises and occasional licences. Licenceholders and staff should be aware of these conditions and not carry out irresponsible promotions. Licensing Standards Officers will monitor promotions and will take action if any promotions are deemed to be irresponsible. Where there is any doubt as to whether a promotion is irresponsible, licenceholders should take legal advice.

1.64 Premises licenceholders and staff should also be aware that variations in the pricing of alcohol sold on the premises. may be brought into effect only at the beginning of a period of licensed hours. For off-sales premises, no further variation of price of that alcohol may be brought into effect for 72 hours. For on-sales premises, no further variation in price of any alcohol may be made for 72 hours. Licenceholders and their staff should also be aware of the mandatory conditions in both premises and occasional licences regulating the minimum unit pricing of alcohol, the pricing of packaged products containing alcohol and on the display of alcohol in premises. Premises licenceholders and staff must also be aware that minimum unit pricing may affect variations in pricing and promotions.

1.65 If promoting a price change on fliers, social media or elsewhere, the promotional material should indicate a start and end date for the promotion or stipulate that the promotion is for a minimum period of 72 hours.

1.66 Fife Licensing Board would discourage licenceholders from displaying posters, banners, window decals, stickers, vinyls and the like, showing bottles or glasses of alcohol or what appears to be alcohol and reminds licenceholders that such displays should not be visible from the street outside the premises.

1.67 **TRAINING & SUPERVISION**

The name and address of the premises manager must be specified in the application for a premises licence. The Board will expect the premises manager to have the day to day responsibility for running the premises and to be present at the licenced premises on a regular basis when alcohol is being sold. The Board would encourage licence holders to make provision, where feasible, for a personal licence holder to be on the premises at all times when alcohol is being sold.

1.68 The premises manager must hold a personal licence. All personal licenceholders must hold a licensing qualification. All staff working in licenced premises, including members clubs, who are involved in the sale of alcohol must receive training from a personal licence holder or other person with an accredited qualification. This training must cover the matters set out in the Regulations. Records in the form prescribed by the Licensing (Mandatory Conditions No. 2) (Scotland) Regulations must be kept of training provided to staff and made available to Licensing Standards Officers on demand.

1.69 Licenceholders should be aware that delivery drivers can be guilty of offences under the Act. It is an offence to deliver alcohol to a child or young person. Licenceholders should ensure that an age verification policy is in place to enable delivery drivers to verify the age of the recipient of the alcohol if they believe the recipient is under 25. It is also an offence to deliver alcohol without keeping information relating to the sale being entered in a day book kept on the premises and a delivery book or invoice carried by the delivery driver. The Board encourages and recommends that delivery drivers receive appropriate training similar to that required by staff working in licensed premises.

1.70 In addition to the local delivery conditions set out in Appendix 4(c) the Board may add a condition to premises licences offering delivery of alcohol requiring the customer to sign on receipt of delivery of alcohol.

1.71 **OVERPROVISION OF LICENSED PREMISES**

Section 7 of the Act requires each Licensing Board to include in its Policy Statement a statement to the extent to which the Board considers there to be an overprovision of licensed premises or licensed premises of a particular description in any locality within the Board’s area. In considering whether there is overprovision in any locality the Board must have regard to the number and capacity of licensed premises in a particular locality determined by the Board.

1.72 In determining whether there is overprovision in any locality in Fife, the Board considered a report by NHS Fife, Public Health entitled Recommendations to Fife Licensing Board relating to the Assessment of Overprovision (August 2023). This Report contained statistical information on alcohol related health harms, alcohol related deaths and alcohol related social harms together with other related information including the provision of alcohol within all areas of Fife.

1.73 The Board has determined that there is no overprovision of licensed premises or licensed premises of a particular description in any locality in Fife. In reaching that decision, the Board took into consideration the information in the Public Health report and the views expressed in the consultation responses. The Board found that due to the further rise in online ordering and delivery of alcohol, particularly post Covid-19 pandemic, it was not possible to find a causal link between the alcohol harms in a locality and the number of premises in the locality. The Board will keep the issue of overprovision under review and will consider the matter afresh when new information and statistics are made available.

1.74 ***PAYMENT OF******ANNUAL FEE***

Payment of the annual fee is a mandatory condition of the premises licence. The annual fee is determined by reference to the rateable value of the premises. Annual fees are due to be paid on 1 October each year. The Board will notify the licenceholder of the amount of the annual fee and provide details as to how it should be paid at least 30 days before the fee is due to be paid.

1.75 Non-payment of the annual fee is a breach of a mandatory condition of the premises licence. The Board will consider carrying out a review of the premises licence if the fee is not paid within the time limit set out in the notice of payment. The review could lead to a written warning being issued, or the premises licence being suspended or revoked.

1.76 ***PREMISES LICENCES CEASING TO HAVE EFFECT***

If it comes to the Clerk's attention that premises may have ceased to be used for the sale of alcohol, the matter may be referred to the Board to hold a hearing to determine whether the premises licence has ceased to have effect. If premises have been closed for a period of two years the Board may consider that the premises licence has ceased to have effect. In making a determination on this matter however, the Board will consider any representations made by the licence holder on the circumstances in which the premises closed and the likelihood of them reopening for trade.

1.77 **LOCAL LICENSING FORUM**

The Board recognises and values the work of the Fife Licensing Forum and the advice which it provides to the Board. The Board will consult the Forum on policy matters wherever possible and, in particular, in the formulation of the Statement of Licensing Policy and its periodic reviews and on the consideration of overprovision.

**PART 2**

2.0 **PROMOTION OF THE LICENSING OBJECTIVES**

2.1 ***INTRODUCTION***

The Board will continually promote the licensing objectives and expects licence holders and other applicants to be able to demonstrate that they have addressed these issues in the operation of their premises The Board recognises that there are some types of alcohol misuse issues which are not connected to consumption of alcohol in licensed premises. The following paragraphs set out the Board’s general policy in respect of these objectives. The licensing objectives and this policy apply to activities taking place in licensed premises during their opening hours as well as the licensed hours as defined in Section 62 of the 2005 Act.

2.2 ***PREVENTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER***

The Board, in carrying out its functions, will have regard to the likely impact of licensed activities and related crime and disorder when considering the location, operation and management of all licence applications, reviews and variations.

2.3 The Board supports a strategy aimed at making Fife a safe place in which to live and to visit. The Board is committed to improving the quality of life for the people of Fife by seeking to ensure that licensed premises are managed in such a way as not to contribute to crime and disorder. Applicants must be able to demonstrate that they will address the problems of:

1. Underage drinking;

2. Drunkenness in the premises;

3. Public Drunkenness;

4. Illegal possession and/or use of Drugs;

5. Violent behaviour; and

6. Anti-Social Behaviour.

2.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of these when preparing, and carrying out the activities in, their Operating Plan, having regard to the particular type of premises or licensable activities or both:-

* having a written crime prevention strategy;
* effective and responsible management of premises;
* training given to staff to include preventing crime and disorder and conflict management;
* training and effective supervision of staff;
* acceptance of accredited proof of age card schemes;
* provision of effective CCTV in and around the premises;
* security policies and regular toilet checks;
* employment, when necessary, of door supervisors;
* active membership of local pubwatch or similar schemes;
* provision of litter bins and lighting outside premises;
* provision of plastic or toughened drinking vessels; and
* provision of taxi marshalls.

2.5 ***SECURING PUBLIC SAFETY***

The Board recognises that “licensed premises” will cover a wide range of premises and activities, each with its own safety risks or issues. The premises must be **constructed** or **adapted** and **operated** in such a manner as to safeguard occupants from those risks or issues. The Board is committed to ensuring that the safety of any person visiting or working in or in the vicinity of licensed premises is not compromised.

2.6 When addressing the issue of Public Safety, an applicant must demonstrate that factors which impact on standards of Public Safety have been considered.

These may include:-

* occupant capacity of the premises and management of occupant capacity within the premises;
* the standard of maintenance of buildings having regard to age, design and layout including means of escape;
* nature of activities such as music and dancing;
* hours of operation;
* customer profile (e.g. age, disability);
* use of special effects such as lasers, pyrotechnics, smoke machines; and
* having a glass policy in place covering the collection and use of glass and the risk to patrons and employees from glass.

2.7 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of these when preparing and carrying out the activities in, their Operating Plan, having regard to the particular type of premises or licensable activities or both:-

* suitable and sufficient risk assessments;
* effective and responsible management of premises;
* sufficient number of staff on duty to ensure the safety of the premises and its patrons;
* appropriate instruction, training and supervision of staff;
* having an effective glass management policy either involving the removal of all glassware regularly, or by providing toughened or plastic drinking vessels. Having a scheme preventing customers taking glassware outside except when the premises are predominantly providing food and the drink is served to accompany a meal;
* having a no bottle policy;
* having a written policy on how to deal with customers and any other person in the premises who may become incapacitated or vulnerable due to drink or drugs;
* having first aid facilities;
* informing Police Scotland of any special events taking place in the premises or issues relating to public safety;
* displaying local transport information to facilitate safe journeys home for customers;
* adoption of best practices;
* provision of effective CCTV coverage;
* implementation of crowd management systems; and
* proof of regular testing of procedures.

2.8 ***PREVENTION OF PUBLIC NUISANCE***

Licensed premises have a significant potential to impact adversely on communities, through public nuisance, which arise from their operation. The Board wishes to maintain and protect the amenity of residents and local businesses from the potential consequences of the operation of licensed premises whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.

2.9 Although interpretation is ultimately a matter for the Courts, the Board intends to interpret “public nuisance” widely and understands it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter, dust, fumes, vibration, smoke, waste and anti-social behaviour where these impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in any area or locality.

2.10 “Anti-social behaviour” is defined in the Anti-social Behaviour, etc. (Scotland) Act 2004 as behaviour where a person acts in a manner that causes or is likely to cause alarm or distress or pursues a course of conduct that causes or is likely to cause alarm or distress to at least one person who is not from the same household as the person engaging in the behaviour; conduct includes speech.

2.11 The Board believes that the impact licensed premises can have on the neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open. The Board may stipulate shorter hours when considering a premises licence application if it considers this to be appropriate, depending on where the premises are situated or the likelihood of the situation or use of the premises contributing to anti‑social behaviour.

2.12 Every licenceholder has a duty to ensure that waste generated in or by the premises is disposed of securely, to keep their premises clear of all litter generated by staff and customers, and the Board expects licenceholders to be aware of their responsibilities in those respects.

2.13 In addition, when applicants propose to provide outside seating, tables or other facilities in any outdoor area, whether covered or not, regard should be had to the need to ensure that the use of such areas will not cause disturbance or nuisance to the occupiers of dwellings or other premises in the vicinity. The licenceholder should also consider at what time the use of such areas should cease to avoid disturbance to nearby residents.

2.14 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of these when preparing and carrying out the activities in their Operating Plan, having regard to the particular type of premises or licensable activities or both:-

* having a written strategy that demonstrates that the best practicable means are being used to control all noise from the premises which may affect nearby noise sensitive premises. Particular attention should be given to the control of noise from the following:-

entertainment;

public address systems;

glass disposal;

noise from patrons arriving at, and departing from, the premises;

deliveries;

mechanical plant and equipment; and

noise from patrons using beer gardens, smoking areas, external areas (including the street) to smoke or otherwise.

* when smokers are directed to external areas, provision of litter bins for butts and sweeping of areas external to the premises; and
* consultations with Fife Council’s Protective Services, Police Scotland, and if appropriate, Fife Council’s Roads Management Team prior to holding any outdoor musical event or use of amplified equipment, for example, large screen TVs outside the premises or within an outdoor area of the premises.

2.15 ***PROTECTING AND IMPROVING PUBLIC HEALTH***

Licenceholders can help promote this objective in many ways. They can use materials such as posters, beer mats which promote moderate consumption of alcohol along with awareness of units of alcohol and the recommended guidelines for consumption of alcohol by men and women. A wine list, for example, might state how many units of alcohol per glass or bottle together with a reminder of the guidelines. The Board is concerned about the link between the consumption of alcohol and detriment to public health. The Board wishes to see premises thriving in Fife but this cannot be at the expense of patrons’ health and wellbeing. The Board will from time to time during the currency of this Statement seek information from the Fife Alcohol and Drugs Partnership, NHS Fife and any other relevant bodies involved in the protection and promotion of public health in Fife to ascertain if there is any overprovision of licensed premises or premises of a particular description in any locality in Fife.

2.16 Licenceholders, door supervisors and premises managers, as well as other staff employed in the premises, must remain vigilant at all times to the risks of excessive consumption of alcohol; there should be established practice within the premises to ensure that a standard approach is taken where patrons’ demeanour demonstrates an excessive consumption of alcohol. There should also be a clear understanding of the offences committed in connection with the service of alcohol to children, young persons or persons who are drunk.

2.17 In terms of Schedule 3 of the Act, licenceholders must provide a wide selection of reasonably priced non-alcoholic beverages during the whole period of the premises being open. Applicants are encouraged to provide food on the premises so that patrons may eat at the same time as consuming alcoholic beverages, if they wish. Tap water fit for drinking must be provided free of charge on request.

2.18 Licenceholders are reminded of the raft of offences relating to sale of alcohol especially the offences of sale of alcohol to a drunk person and allowing drunkenness to take place on the premises.

2.19 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of these when preparing and carrying out the activities in their Operating Plan, having regard to the particular type of premises or licensable activities or both:-

* displaying anti-drunkenness materials along with information on units of alcohol in the context of recommended guidelines; and
* having a workplace alcohol policy in order to raise awareness, minimise harm and ensure that staff are able to access help (without fear of a job loss) when a problem arises.

2.20 The health risks associated with smoking and with passive smoking continue to be well publicised; licenceholders will be aware of their own statutory responsibilities, public opinion generally, the expectations of their patrons and the legislation concerning smoking in public places. Licenceholders, however, should bear in mind the fourth and fifth licensing objectives, namely, the protection and improvement of public health and the protection of children and young persons from harm, especially in outside areas such as beer gardens.

The Board would encourage licenceholders to discourage the use of vapes/vaping devices in licensed premises, particularly in indoor parts of the premises and all areas to which children and young persons have access.

2.21 ***PROTECTING CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS FROM HARM***

The 2005 Act defines children as persons under the age of sixteen and young persons as being sixteen or seventeen years of age. The Board encourages applications that make venues family friendly and safe for children and young persons. The Board, however, will have particular regard to this objective when:-

* there have been convictions of staff or licenceholders for serving alcohol to underage persons or where premises are in an area where there is a history or other evidence of underage drinking;
* there is an element of gambling within the premises (including premises with two or more category C machines);
* entertainment of an adult or sexual nature is provided; and
* the operating plan shows that the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises is the exclusive or primary purpose of the service provided.

2.22 The Board may consult with the Fife Council Education and Children’s Services on any application where concerns are raised regarding access by children and young persons.

2.23 The Board wishes to see family friendly premises thriving in Fife. Where applicants wish to operate such premises, the Board expects them to appreciate that this places additional responsibilities upon them at the same time recognising that parents and other adults accompanying children also have responsibilities. The Board considers that the protection of children and young persons from harm includes protection from moral, psychological and physical harm. This would cover exclusion of children and young persons from serious gambling, lap or pole dancing or other sexually orientated entertainment whether live or on-screen.

2.24 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of these when preparing and carrying out the activities in their Operating Plan, having regard to the particular type of premises or licensable activities or both:-

* effective and responsible management of premises;
* appropriate instruction, training and supervision of staff in order to secure the protection of children and young persons from harm;
* adoption of best practice, including a written policy on prevention of sales of alcohol to children and young persons, including for example, a Refusals Register;
* limitation on the hours when children and young persons may be present, in all or parts of the premises;
* limitations or exclusions by age;
* acceptance of accredited proof of age cards with photographs or passports;
* measures to ensure children and young persons do not purchase, acquire or consume alcohol;
* measures to ensure children and young persons are not exposed to incidences of strong and offensive language, violence or disorder; and
* use of fixed fire guards on open fires and prohibition of mobile heaters when young children are in the premises.

2.25 When preparing the operating plan, applicants must set out the terms on which children and young persons are to be allowed entry including the ages of children to be allowed entry, times and parts of the premises to which children will have access. This should also be clearly marked on the Layout Plan.

2.26 ***AMENDMENTS TO OPERATING PLANS***

The Board has agreed that where an Operating Plan indicates that children and young persons are admitted to the premises and that there will be televised sport or adult entertainment, it should include a statement to show how children and young persons are to be protected from harm. Such a statement may be as follows:-

*The licenceholder will seek to protect children and young persons from harm by applying common sense when events of an adult nature are screened on television or otherwise within the licensed premises, including, for example, major football matches.*

*The aim is to protect the children and young persons from displays of violence, abusive behaviour or inappropriate language either on screen or from customers.*

*Children and young persons will not be admitted to parts of the premises where adult entertainment is taking place.*

The Board may add one or more of the statements above as a condition to a premises licence where it is felt necessary for the purposes of promoting one or more of the licensing objectives.

**3.0 CONDITIONS**

3.1 The Act, in Schedule 3, provides mandatory conditions for premises licences and in Schedule 4 for Occasional Licences. The Board has power to impose local licence conditions. These conditions will not be inconsistent with the mandatory conditions or have the effect of making such a condition more onerous or more restrictive and will only be imposed when considered necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

3.2 On any day when licensed hours extend beyond 2.00 a.m., whether by virtue of the Operating Plan, general extension or extended hours application, in premises used as nightclubs or to which the mandatory late night conditions apply, the Board will consider whether or not to impose the local conditions set out in Appendix 4(a). If applicants consider that any of the conditions should not apply to their premises they should be in a position to demonstrate to the Board why the condition is unnecessary.

3.3 In relation to the mandatory conditions relating to premises open after 1:00am, a person trained to the satisfaction of the Board in administering first aid must be present. The Board will be satisfied if such a person has completed a course certified as complying with the First Aid at Work, Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981.

**4.0 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT 1998**

4.1 The Human Rights Act 1998 incorporates the European Convention on Human Rights and makes it unlawful for bodies such as the Board to act in a way which is incompatible with a Convention Right. The Board will have particular regard to the following relevant provisions of the European Convention on Human Rights in respect of its licensing responsibilities:-

* Article 6: that in the determination of civil rights and obligations, everyone is entitled to a fair and public hearing within a reasonable time by an independent and impartial tribunal established by law;
* Article 8: that everyone has the right to respect for their home and private life; (this is not an absolute right); and
* Article 1 of the First Protocol: that every person is entitled to the peaceful enjoyment of their possessions including, for example, the possession of a premises licence. (This is not an absolute right).

**5.0 EQUALITIES**

5.1 The Board is committed to fulfilling its duties in the Equality Act 2010. The Act applies to everyone both in the public and private sector. It sets out that people are protected from discrimination based on the protected characteristics of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

5.2 The Board is required by the Public Sector Equality Duty to be proactive in eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation, promoting equality of opportunity between different groups and fostering good relations between those who share a protected characteristic and those who do not. The Board will also comply with the specific duties set out by the Scottish Ministers under the Act

5.3 The Board’s responsibilities, commitment to equality and diversity, and equality outcomes are more particularly set out in the Fife Council’s Equality and Diversity Outcomes (2021-2025) which is published on www.fife.gov.uk.

**6.0 ENFORCEMENT**

6.1 The Board will follow best practice in enforcement including adoption of the best Regulation Principles and the Hampton Standards, namely that its actions will be: proportionate, accountable, consistent, transparent and targeted.

6.2 Fife Council has four Licensing Standards Officers who have a remit relating to guidance, mediation and compliance with the licence conditions and objectives of the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.

6.3 When a review is submitted to the Board by the Licensing Standards Officer, it is expected, except in the most serious cases, that attempts will already have been made through advice, mediation and negotiation to address the matter. It is, therefore, envisaged that very few such cases will need to be submitted to the Board.

6.4 It should be appreciated, however, that, in appropriate cases, the Board will not hesitate to use its powers to suspend or revoke a licence, notwithstanding that this may have a detrimental impact on the business.

**APPENDIX 1**

**DELEGATION OF LICENSING FUNCTIONS**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Subject Matters | Licensing  Board | Committee of Board | Clerk of the Board and Deputes |
| 1 | Determination of the boards’ policy for the purposes of the licensing policy statement or supplementary licensing policy statement | ü |  |  |
| 2 | Determination, for the purposes of the licensing policy statement or supplementary statement, whether there is over provision of licensed premises or overprovision of licensed premises of any particular description, in any locality | ü |  |  |
| 3 | Determination of a premises licence application | ü |  |  |
| 4 | Determination of a premises licence variation application other than a minor variation | ü |  |  |
| 5 | Determination of an application for the transfer of a premises licence where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant offence or foreign offence | ü |  |  |
| 6 | Determination of a personal licence application or a personal licence renewal application, where the applicant has been convicted of a relevant offence or foreign offence | ✓ |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Subject Matters | Licensing  Board | | | Committee of Board | | Clerk of the Board and Deputes |
| 7 | Conducting a hearing under the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 | ü | | |  | |  |
| 8 | Making a closure order (section 97) | ü | | |  | |  |
| 9 | Refusing an application for confirmation of a provisional premises licence | ü | | |  | |  |
| 10 | As a result of a hearing (reference 7, above) or following a review hearing in respect of a premises licence -  (i) issuing a written warning to the licenceholder  (ii) revoking or suspending the licence  (iii) making a variation of the licence or in respect of a personal licence, making an order revoking, suspending or endorsing it (section 39) | ü  ü  ü | | |  | |  |
| 11 | Determination of an application for an occasional licence where there is notice of objection or representations in relation to it or report from a Licensing Standards Officer (section 59) | ✓\*\* | | | ü\*\* | |  |
|  | Subject Matters | | Licensing  Board | Committee of Board | | Clerk of the Board and Deputes | |
| 12 | Granting an occasional licence application where there is no notice of objection or representations in relation to the application or no report from a Licensing Standards Officer (section 59) | |  |  | | ü | |
| 13 | Application for personal licence with no unspent convictions (section 74) | |  |  | | ü | |
| 15 | Application for provisional premises licence (section 45) | | ü |  | |  | |
| 16 | Application for confirmation of premises licence where premises comply with Operating Plan | |  |  | | ü | |
| 17 | Application to vary a premises licence where the variation sought is minor (section 30(2)) | |  |  | | ü | |
| 18 | Application for transfer of a licence where notice received under section 33(6)(a) | |  |  | | ü | |
| 19 | Application to review premises licence/club premises certificate (section 36) | | ü |  | |  | |
| 20 | Granting of extended hours applications for a special event of local or national significance. | |  |  | | ü | |
| 21 | General extensions of licensed hours | | ü |  | |  | |

\*\*If there is insufficient time before the event is due to take place for application to be considered at a regular scheduled meeting of the Board, determination of the application is delegated to a Committee of the Board (comprising no fewer than two members).

**APPENDIX 2**

1. **CONTACTS**

* 1. The Board and the Alcohol Licensing Team for Fife are located in Fife House, Glenrothes. To contact the Board, please email the Clerk or the Alcohol Licensing Team at [liquor.admin@fife.gov.uk](mailto:liquor.admin@fife.gov.uk)

You can also contact the Alcohol Licensing Team by mail sent to:-

**Alcohol Licensing Team, Legal & Democratic Services, Fife House, North Street, GLENROTHES, Fife, KY7 5LT or by**

**Telephone: 03451 55 11 77**

**Office Hours - 0900 - 1700 hours - Monday to Friday.**

1.2 The Licensing Board’s webpages can be found at **www.fife.gov.uk.**

1.3 The Licensing Standards Officers can be contacted using the details below. Callers are put through directly to their answerphone and asked to leave a name and number so the LSOs can call back.

**Telephone: 01592 583127**

**Email:** [**Licensing.standards@fife.gov.uk**](mailto:Licensing.standards@fife.gov.uk)

**APPENDIX 3(a)**

**FIFE LICENSING BOARD**

**RULES**

These Rules are made under Paragraph 12(5) of Schedule 1 to the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005 to provide arrangements for meetings of the Board.

The Rules are:

1. The procedures followed by the Board at Hearings to consider applications for Premises Licences and for Variation of Premises Licences will be in accordance with the appended written procedures, as agreed and revised by the Board from time-to-time.

2. At Hearings, the Board will invite the following persons to address it:

The applicant or his or her representative

Persons making objection or representation

3. At Hearings the Board may invite, if it thinks fit, information on matters relating to Operating Plans and Layout Plans from the following:

**Environmental Services Officers from Fife Council**

**Building Standards Officers from Fife Council**

**Representatives of the Chief Constable, Police Scotland**

These Rules were made by the Board at Kirkcaldy on the Sixteenth day of June, 2008 and amended by the Board on the Eleventh day of October 2010.

**Clerk to the Fife Licensing Board**

**APPENDIX 3(b)**

**(Amended by Fife Licensing Board at meeting on Monday 3rd April 2023)**

**FIFE LICENSING BOARD**

**PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATIONS FOR PREMISES LICENCES AND VARIATIONS TO PREMISES LICENCES**

1. The **CONVENER** will ascertain whether or not the applicant is present or represented or both.

2. The **CLERK** will advise if there are Objections or Representations to the application and will ascertain whether or not the persons making these are present or represented or both.

3. The **CONVENER** will advise the applicant or their agent that unless they wish to make any preliminary submissions or remarks, the **BOARD** will proceed to hear the Objections/Representations. If there are any such preliminary submissions or remarks, any issues or questions arising should be dealt with at this stage.

4. If there are competent Objections or Representations the **CONVENER** will invite the persons making these to state their Objections or Representations. The **CONVENER** will also advise those persons that this is the only opportunity to speak to their objection/representation other than to answer any questions put to them by members of the **BOARD** or to make concluding remarks prior to the Board making a determination on the Application.

5. The **CLERK** will advise of any outstanding matters or other issues relating to the application, operating plan or layout plan.

6. The **CONVENER** will invite the applicant or their representative to speak to the application.

7. The **BOARD** may ask questions of the applicant, persons who have objected or made Representations and any other person in accordance with rules promulgated by the **BOARD**.

8. The **CONVENER** will invite those making representations or objections if they wish to make any concluding remarks.

9. The **CONVENER** will then invite the applicant or their representative if they wish to make any concluding remarks.

10. The **BOARD** will consider the application and reach a decision.

**APPENDIX 4(a)**

**LOCAL LATE NIGHT CONDITIONS**

The following conditions apply on any day when the licensed hours extend beyond 2.00 a.m.

1. There must be two persons deployed within the premises to ensure good order and a further one person for every 100 patrons above the initial 100 patrons, all of whom holds a licence under Section 8 of the Private Security Industry Act 2001.

2. The licenceholder must ensure sufficient measures are in place within the vicinity of the premises to ensure safe and orderly departure of patrons from the premises. This should include having a dispersal policy and training of staff on the operation of the dispersal policy.

3. Random searches will be used to check patrons for knives, other potential weapons and drugs particularly when entering the premises.

**APPENDIX 4(b)**

**MARQUEE CONDITIONS**

(a) Alcohol must only be consumed within the Marquee or a well-demarcated area immediately outside the tent.

(b) Appropriate signs - NO ALCOHOLIC DRINKS ARE ALLOWED TO BE CONSUMED OUTWITH THE DEMARCATED AREA - to be erected at the entrance/exits advising all purchasers and consumers of alcohol of the above restriction so as to ensure the byelaws prohibiting consumption of alcohol in a public place are not contravened.

(c) The organisers must provide suitable and adequate stewards at the entrance/exits to the marquee throughout the duration of the licence to ensure that alcohol is not taken outside.

(d) In the interests of public safety, only plastic cups or non-breakable containers are used to dispense drinks.

**APPENDIX 4(c)**

**DELIVERY CONDITIONS**

1. Alcohol sold or dispatched from the premises will be delivered only to business or residential addresses.
2. The Licenceholder shall always check the age of customers or potential customers, be satisfied that they are aged 18 years or over before any sale is completed and otherwise shall comply with the age related sale provisions in the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.
3. Sales of Alcohol may only take place within licensed hours. Any person submitting an order out with the licensed hours is to be advised that the order will be processed after the commencement of the next period of licensed hours.
4. The Licenceholder shall ensure that those persons who deliver the alcohol are aware of the provisions of, and restrictions on, the delivery of alcohol contained in the Licensing (Scotland) Act 2005.